

## Written exam

### I. a/

1.  $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}^*, \forall y \in \mathbb{R}^*, xy \neq 0 \dots\dots\dots (T)$ , since  $x \neq 0$  and  $y \neq 0 : (xy = 0 \Leftrightarrow x = 0 \text{ or } y = 0)$ .
2.  $\exists x \in \mathbb{R}, \forall y \in \mathbb{R}, xy = 1 \dots\dots\dots (F)$ . Because if such an  $x$  exists, for  $y = 0, xy \neq 1$ .
- $\bar{2}$ .  $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}, \exists y \in \mathbb{R} / xy \neq 1$ .
3.  $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}, \exists y \in \mathbb{R} / xy = 1 \dots\dots\dots (F)$ .
- $\bar{3}$ .  $\exists x = 0 \in \mathbb{R} / \forall y \in \mathbb{R}, xy \neq 1$ .
4.  $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}, x + 1 \neq 0 \text{ or } x + 2 \neq 0 \dots\dots\dots (T)$ . If  $x + 1 = 0$  then  $x = -1$  and so  $x + 2 = 1 \neq 0$  and if  $x + 2 = 0$  then  $x = -2$  and so  $x + 1 = -1 \neq 0$ .

b/  $f : E \rightarrow F$ .  $f^{-1}(F) = E$  and  $f^{-1}(\emptyset) = \emptyset$ .

II.  $A = ]0, 6[$ ,  $B = \{x \in \mathbb{N}, x < 3\}$ . We have :

$$B = \{0, 1, 2\}, \quad A \cap B = \{1, 2\}, \quad A \cup B = [0, 6[, \quad C_A^B \text{ does not exist since } B \not\subseteq A,$$

$$A \cap \mathbb{N} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}, \quad C_{\mathbb{R}}^A = ]-\infty, 0] \cup [6, +\infty[.$$