Course : Algebra 3 Chapter 4 : Vector spaces Year : 2023/2024 Batna 2 University Department of Computer Science

## **Tutorial series 4**

**Exercise 0.1** Let  $<,>: \mathbb{R}^n \times \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a function satisfying, for  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}^n$ ,

$$\langle x, y \rangle = \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i y_i. \tag{1}$$

Prove that  $\langle x, y \rangle$  is an inner product on  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .

**Exercise 0.2** Consider, for  $w \in C[a, b]$ ,

$$\langle f,g \rangle = \int_{a}^{b} w(t)f(t)g(t)dt,$$

such that w is a fixed positive function. Prove that  $\langle f, g \rangle$  is an inner product on C[a, b].

Exercise 0.3 Consider

$$\langle f,g \rangle = \int_0^\pi f(t)g(t)dt.$$
<sup>(2)</sup>

Prove that f(t) and g(t) are orthogonal with respect to (2) in  $C[0,\pi]$  such that  $f(t) = \cos(t)$  and  $g(t) = \sin(t)$ .

Exercise 0.4 Let

$$\langle p,q \rangle = \int_{-1}^{1} p(x)q(x)dx,$$
 (3)

be an inner product on the vector space of polynomials of degree 2 or less, denoted by  $P_2$ . Find an orthogonal basis for  $P_2$ .

Exercise 0.5 Prove that

$$\{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(v_1 - v_2), \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(v_1 + v_2)\},\tag{4}$$

is an orthonormal set where  $\{v_1, v_2\}$  is an orthonormal set in an inner product space.

**Exercise 0.6** Let  $x, y \in V$ . Prove that

1.  $|\langle x, y \rangle| \preccurlyeq ||x|| ||y||$ , (The Cauchy-Schwarz inequality).

**2.**  $||x + y|| \leq ||x|| + ||y||$ , (The triangle inequality).